

Equal Participation

An institution shall not discriminate against any student or exclude any student from its education program or activity, including any <u>class or extracurricular activities</u>, based on such student's pregnancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination of pregnancy or recovery therefrom, <u>unless</u> the person <u>voluntarily</u> participates in a separate program or activity of the institution.

Title IX 34 CFR § 106.40(b)(1)

10

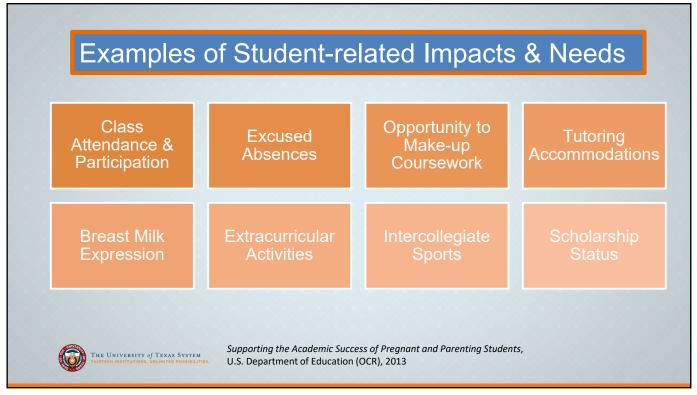
THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM

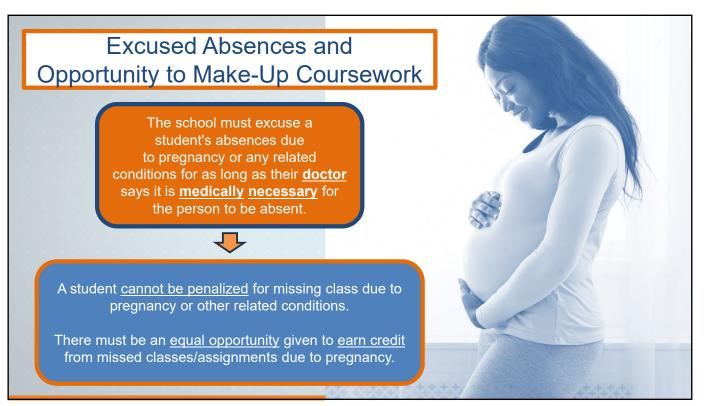
Separate Programs

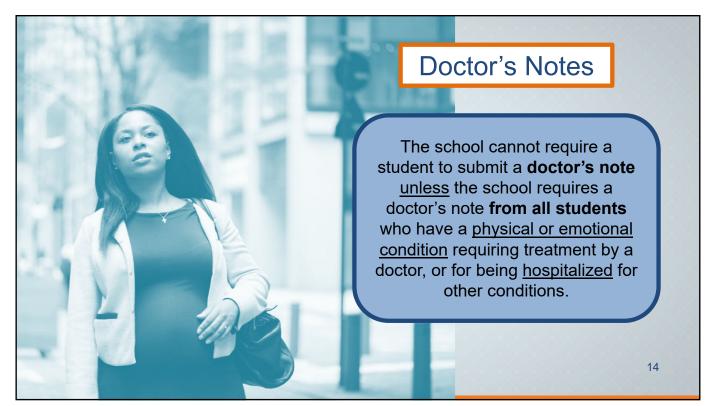
An institution which operates a portion of its education program or activity **separately** for pregnant students, admittance to which is <u>completely voluntary</u> on the part of the student as provided in paragraph (b)(1) of this section (*Equal Participation*) shall ensure that the separate portion is <u>comparable</u> to that offered to non-pregnant students.

Title IX 34 CFR § 106.40(b)(3)

THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM





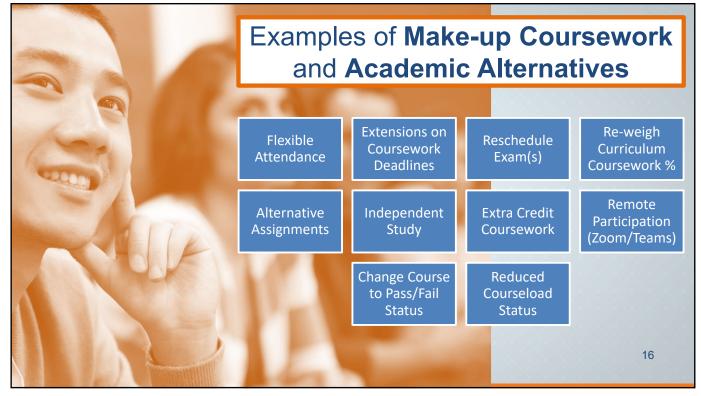


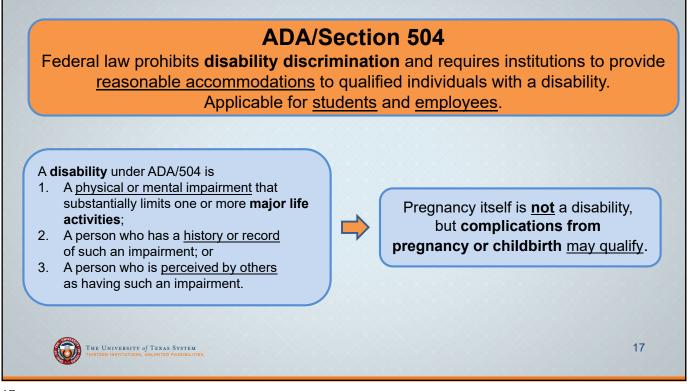
Student Hypothetical Part 1

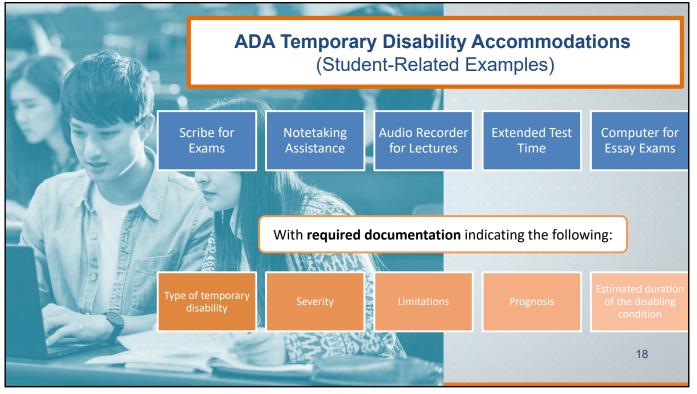
THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM

Jin, a second-year undergraduate student, is in her third trimester and is due at the end of the semester. Jin has been missing classes periodically due to medical issues from the pregnancy and frequent doctor's appointments as a result.

Jin isn't sure how to handle her absences or what accommodations are available.







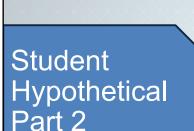
Temporary Disability Policies

An institution shall treat pregnancy, childbirth, false pregnancy, termination or recovery therefrom in the <u>same</u> <u>manner</u> and <u>under the same policies</u> as any other temporary disability with respect to any medical or hospital benefit, service, plan or policy which such institution administers, operates, offers, or participates in with respect to students admitted to the institution's educational program or activity.

Title IX 34 CFR § 106.40(b)(4)

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM THIRTEEN INSTITUTIONS. UNLIMITED POSSIBILIT



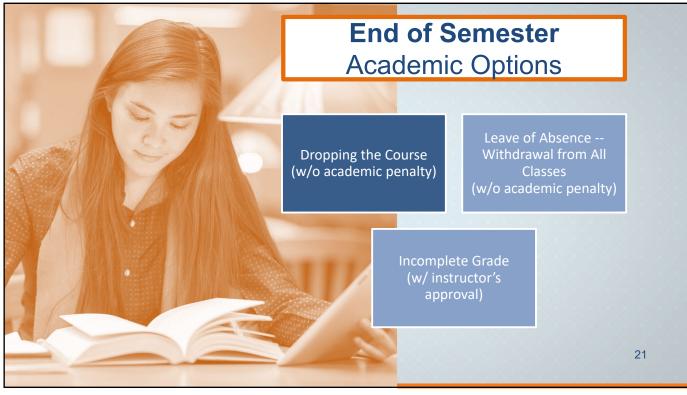


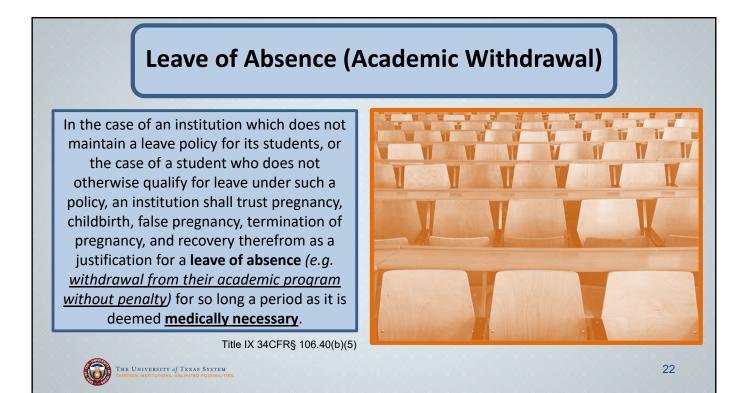
THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM

Jin is due at the end of the semester. Jin has missed classes and assignments periodically due to <u>ongoing</u> <u>medical issues</u> from the pregnancy. Jin's professors have all provided Jin with multiple opportunities to make-up assignments and exams.

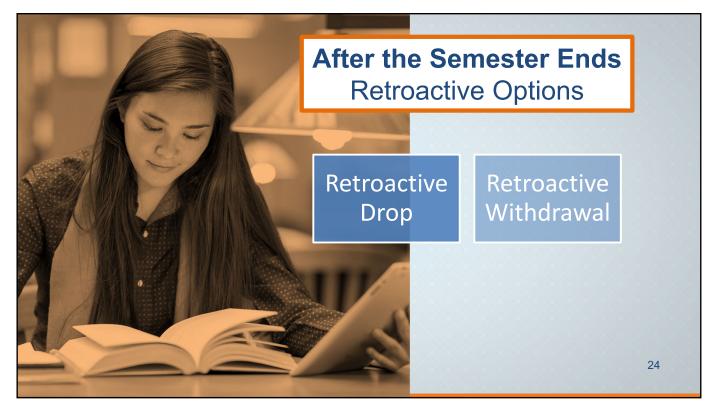
In one of her classes, Jin has only completed about 25% of the coursework, even with the opportunities offered by the professor to allow Jin to make-up the coursework missed. There is only one week left of classes, and Jin is due for delivery at the end of the week. Jin says she is unable to make-up the remaining coursework by the end of the semester and asks for an <u>incomplete</u> for the course so she can make-up the remaining work next semester.

The professor typically only considers giving incompletes when the student has completed more than half (>50% of the coursework) and is unsure what to do. 20









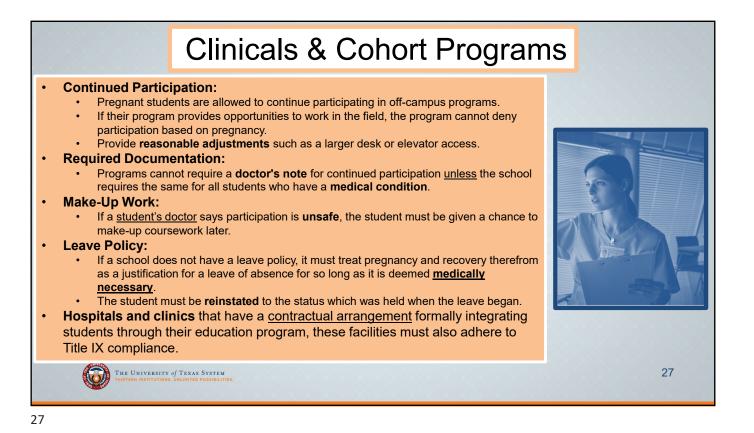


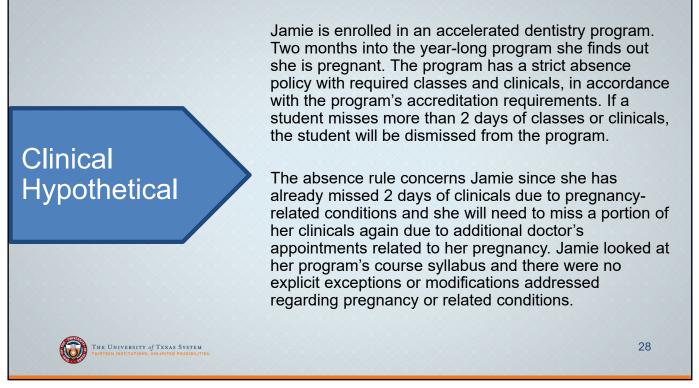
Medical Certification

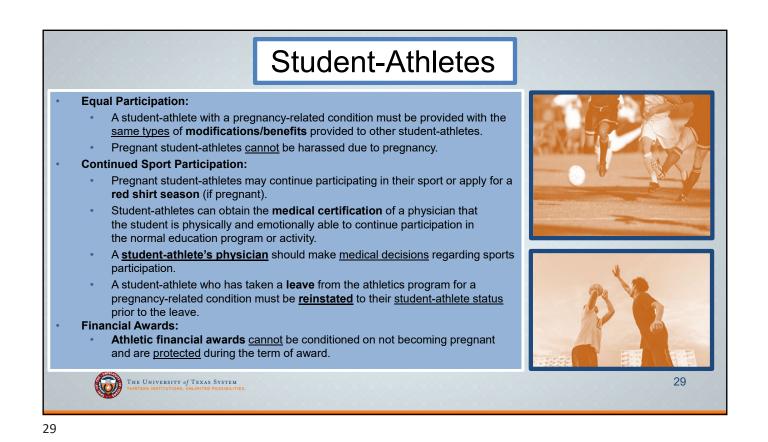


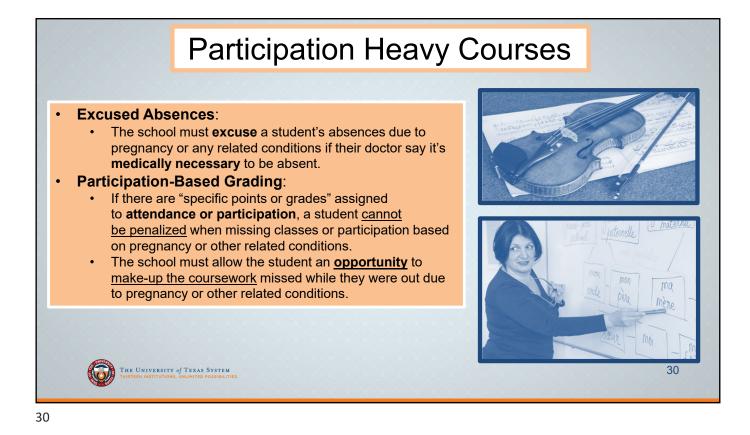
An institution may require such a student to obtain the **certification of a physician** that the student is physically and emotionally able to <u>continue participation</u> so long as such certification is <u>required of all</u> <u>students</u> for other physical or emotional conditions requiring the attention of a physician.

Title IX 34 CFR § 106.40(b)(2)









Scout is a senior neuroscience major and recently discovered she are pregnant. One of Scout's chem labs includes exposure to various chemicals for experiments, and grades are based heavily on attendance and lab participation.

Scout asks the professor to complete their labs remotely (Zoom) with another student facilitating Scout's experiments in person simultaneously in real time, under Scout's direction (to demonstrate her knowledge/comprehension).

The professor doesn't usually allow for alternative lab participation but also doesn't think it's safe for a pregnant student to be exposed to chemicals. The professor recommends that Scout drop the course and re-take in the future. 31

Labs/Chemical Exposure

Health and Safety Restrictions:

THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM

- Reasonable restrictions for <u>health & safety</u> are permitted (as determined by a <u>physician</u>).
- Administrators, faculty, or staff are **not permitted** to make this decision on behalf of pregnant students.
- Can <u>recommend</u> but <u>cannot restrict</u> pregnant students from chemical or disease exposure in lab settings; <u>cannot impose</u> <u>penalties</u> for pregnant students who choose to abstain from chemical or disease exposure.

Required Documentation:

THE UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM

 <u>Cannot require a doctor's note</u> from pregnant students, if it is not required for <u>all other students</u> to participate in labs or for excused absences.



32

Lab

31

Hypothetical

Children in the Classroom

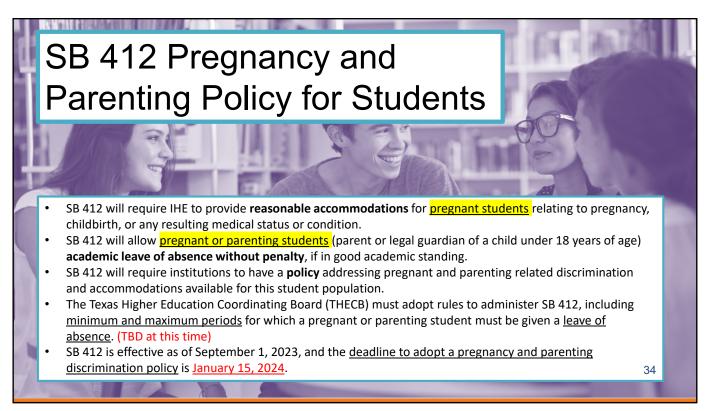
Childcare:

- Under Title IX, there are **no requirements** permitting student's
 <u>children in the classroom</u>.
- Children in the classroom can **interfere** with the learning environment.
- Childcare, itself, is <u>not</u> considered "medically necessary" under Title IX.
- There are no requirements under Title IX for schools to provide <u>childcare</u> for students or <u>excuse absences</u> due to lack of childcare available.

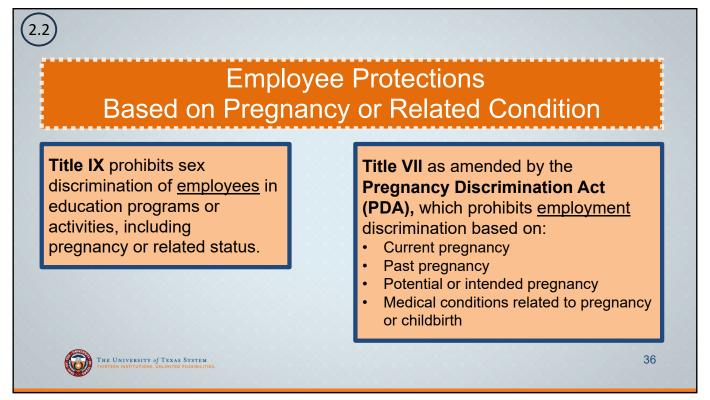


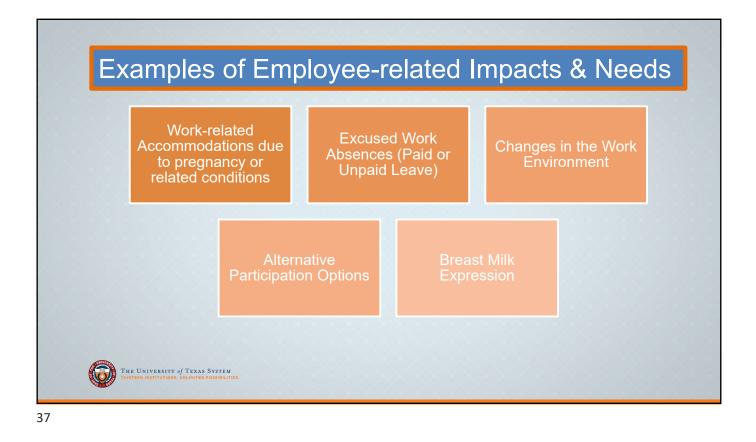
THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS SYSTEM

33

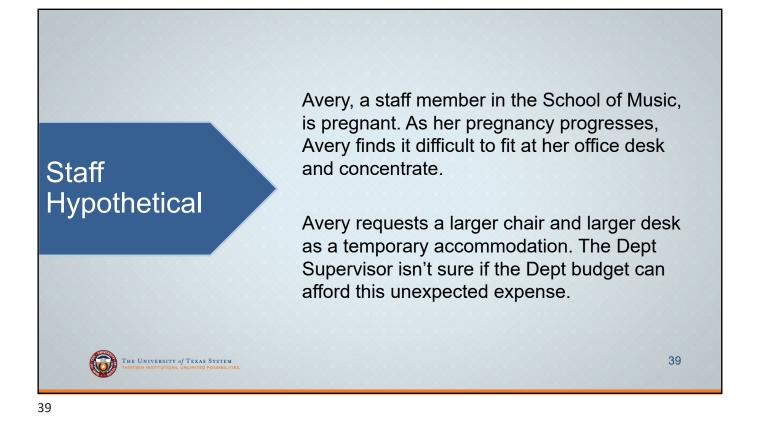














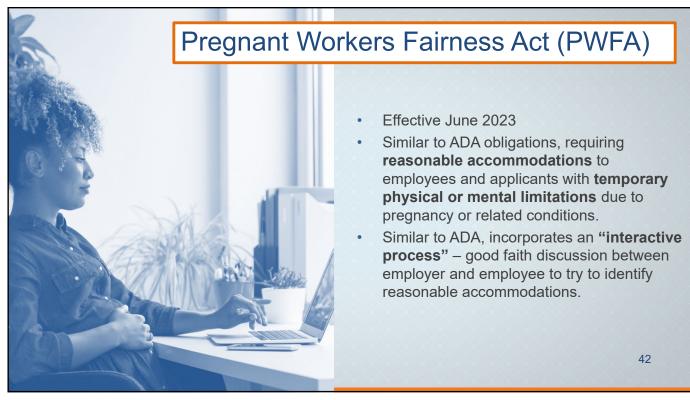
A **reasonable accommodation** is a <u>change in the workplace</u> or <u>in the</u> <u>way things are customarily done</u> that enables an individual with a disability to apply for a job, perform a job's essential functions, or enjoy equal benefits and privileges of employment.

> An employer may only <u>deny</u> a reasonable accommodation to an employee with a disability if it would result in an **undue hardship** (an action requiring significant difficulty or expense).

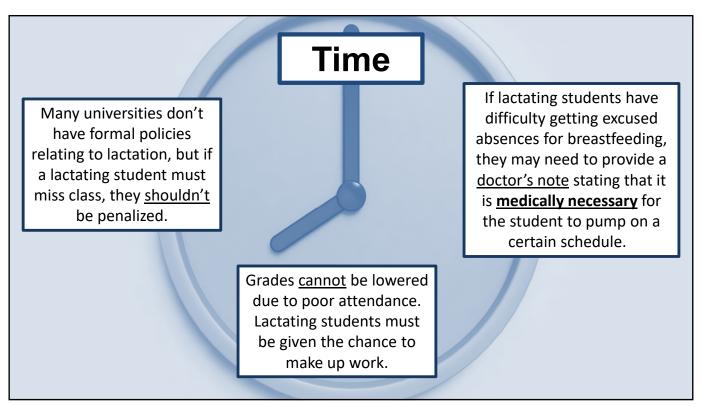
> > ADA Amendments of 2008, U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC)

40









A Safe Space

The Department of Education currently <u>encourages</u>* schools to provide lactating students with a **private room** to pump or breastfeed, but Title IX doesn't give further guidance on specifics of lactation room for students.

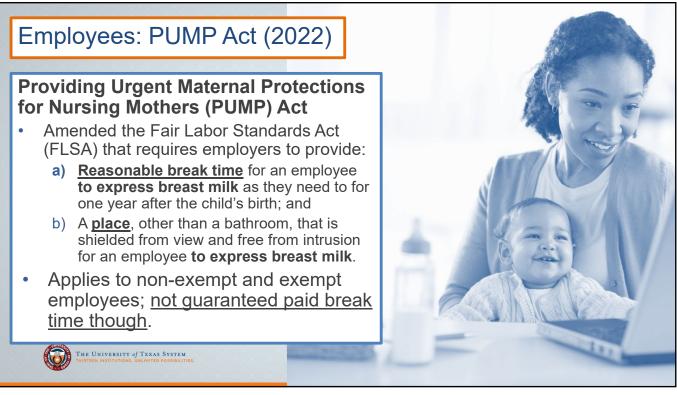
> The institution cannot delegate a **private room** to pump or breastfeed to be a bathroom.

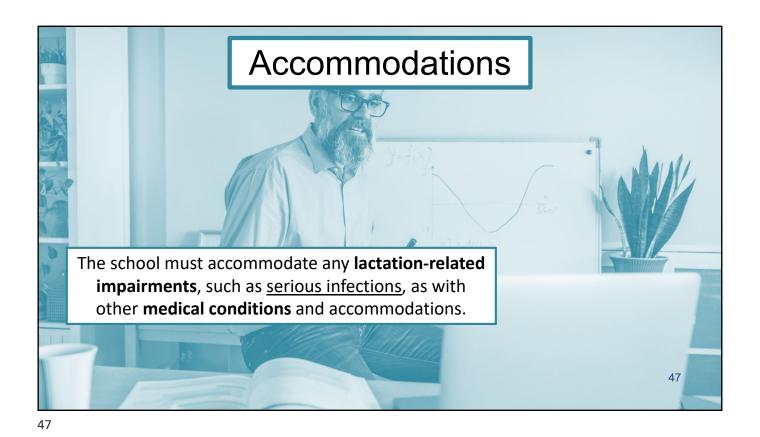


If other students are given access to **private space**, **refrigerators**, or **electrical outlets** to address <u>non</u>pregnancy/childbirth-related medical conditions, then lactating students should be given the same special services to address their lactation-related needs.

45

*Under the 2022 Title IX Proposed Regulations: A private room will be **required** (not just "encouraged"). Though the proposed regulations are not in effect at the time of this training.





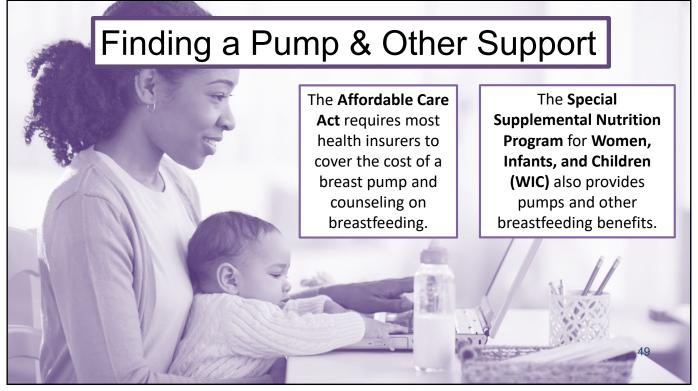
Free from Harassment

The school must protect students from pregnancy or nursing-related harassment or other discrimination, including having **policies** that prohibit sex discrimination, and having **grievance procedures** to respond to complaints.



Comments that may constitute prohibited harassment include, but are not limited to:

- Making sexual comments or jokes about the person's pregnancy;
- Calling the person sexually charged names;
- Spreading rumors about the person's sexual activity;
- Making sexual propositions or gestures toward the person.



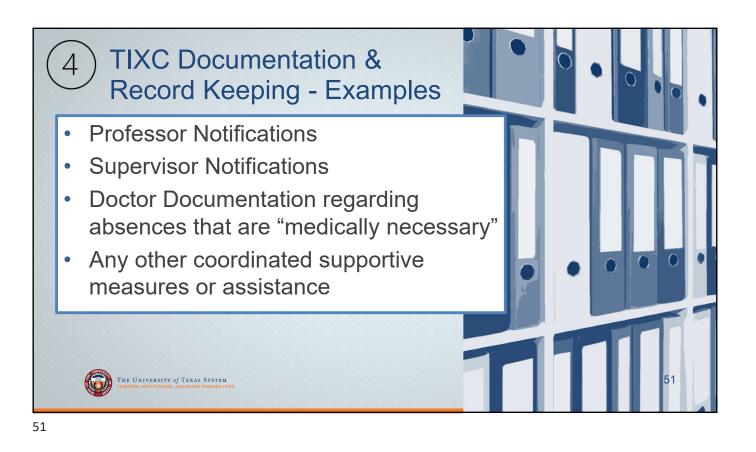


E UNIVERSITY of TEXAS SYSTEM

Celina, a graduate student, recently delivered her baby two months ago. At the beginning of the semester, Celina approached one of her professors about needing to miss class periodically due to Celina's lactation/pumping schedule, and the professor said, *"We'll figure something out."*

Since then, Celina has missed parts of the class discussions, and two quizzes. When Celina attempted to make-up the quizzes and participation, the professor said that there will not be any make-up work, and the professor will just adjust the grading % to the other portions of coursework (e.g. research paper, end of semester exam).

Celina responds to the professor, saying that she prefers to make up the missed work instead. Since there are no academic policies regarding excusing absences for lactating students, the professor says they have discretion on how to make class accommodations, as long as it's "fair" and "reasonable." 50





Contact	Information
Comaci	mormation

Krista Anderson	Sean Flammer
Systemwide Title IX Coordinator	Associate General Counsel
Office of Systemwide Compliance UT System (Austin, TX)	Office of General Counsel UT System (Austin, TX)
Phone: 512-664-9050	Phone: 512-579-5106
Email: kranderson@utsystem.edu	Email: <u>sflammer@utsystem.edu</u>

